WPT3 – AT3.2 – DT 3.2.2

MANAGEMENT PLAN

BLUE LAND

TRICASE

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1. INTRODUCTION

The Blue Land is a governance tool for the exercise of the functions of protection and enhancement of coastal landscapes, which makes use of a participatory and ecosystem-based approach for the protection and preservation of marine and coastal resources, biodiversity and ecosystem services. The general aims of Blue Land are:

a) provide guidance and tools to ensure the sustainable and sustainable use of natural resources along the coast without compromising biodiversity values and ecosystem services;

b) initiating adaptive land resource management processes aimed at the sustainable development of regional coastal areas, creating links and synergies between the numerous sector planning tools;

c) facilitating the resolution of conflicts arising from the presence of a plurality of public actors and interests in coastal areas by implementing innovative integrated management models;

d) to periodically detect the social dynamics and the coastal economic processes, monitoring the pursuit of the strategies of planning and programming of the coast, at all levels of government and the effective achievement of the objectives set;

and) supporting public government bodies, at regional and municipal level, in the planning and implementation processes of strategies and interventions more sustainable and consistent with the needs of the territory;

f) promote, support and implement local community consultation and awareness-raising activities in coastal planning and design processes.

The achievement of the above objectives requires the establishment of an operational body which plays a central role in the design, implementation and monitoring of the activities provided for in the Blue Land management plan (MP). The MP at the time of its entry into force and with the establishment of the governance mechanisms of Blue Land, described in the following paragraphs, allows to qualify the management action and lays

the foundations for achieving the expected results also through the use of monitoring tools/ indicators.

There is a need to define a management model that ensures compliance with the following requirements:

- is able to recognise and implement the strategic and operational objectives of the Blue Land and pursue them through the implementation of coordinated strategies, projects and actions between the different stakeholders;
- can allow effective coordination between public and private initiatives within the territory of the Blue Land, giving space to those capable of producing benefits for the entire territorial system of interest;
- is able to manage systems of detection and measurement of results and impacts, in line with what is required by the monitoring tools of overordered planning and programming tools;
- is able to define and implement appropriate communication initiatives, both internal and external to the territory of the Blue Land.

As provided for by the Founding Law, the Blue Land governance instrument can be promoted and launched only and exclusively by coastal local authorities, in a single or associated form. The instrument also provides for the collaboration of public or private research entities and/or stakeholders of the territory (also in a single and/or associated form), including through the establishment of groupings in the form of an association, with particular attention to the research and dissemination of knowledge, specifically established and which have as their statutory object the purposes set out above.

They are the management bodies of Blue Land

a) The President;
b) The Assembly;
c) The Coordinator;
d) The Board of Directors - Scientific Technical Committee.

2. THE LOGICAL FRAMEWORK OF THE BLUE LAND MANAGEMENT PLAN

The Management Plan is the operational tool of the Blue Land (BL) which aims to implement, through an ecosystem approach, the pursuit of the general and specific objectives of the BL within the territory identified, with the aim of ensuring the protection and enhancement of biodiversity and Ecosystem Services provided by it.

Ecosystem services are defined as the benefits of natural capital which may be directly or indirectly used, consumed or used by humans for the maintenance or progress of well-being (Boyd and Banzhaf, 2007; Fisher, 2009; Maseyk et al., 2017). These services and benefits derive from the interactions between biotic and abiotic components of ecosystems (Maseyk et al., 2017).

Recognising the link between ecosystem services and the BL's territorial development objectives can make the difference between an effective and sustainable development strategy and a strategy that erodes its natural capital, losing its identity and generating critical and potentially irreparable impacts on all environmental matrices.

Applying the working methodologies proposed by the Mapping and Assessment Working Group on Ecosystems and Ecosystem Services (MAES) under the Common Implementation Framework (CIF), the governance structure planned to ensure the effective implementation of the EU Biodiversity Strategy until 2020, the project has provided in the territory of the Municipality of Tricase:

1. the identification and characterisation of terrestrial and marine ecosystems;
2. ex ante assessment of the state of ecosystems mapped through the use of state indicators, pressures and impacts;
3. the identification of the ecosystem services (ES) provided by each mapped ecosystem.

In order to identify the most important ES for the BL, a participatory evaluation process was carried out with the stakeholders. This analysis made it possible to:

- Evaluate the importance and value of an ES (and the ecosystem/supply ecosystems) for the local population,
- Classify the ES according to perceived importance,

- Identify priority actions useful for the maintenance and enhancement of the ecosystem services identified.

Below is the list of ecosystem services deemed worthy of interest and conservation for the stakeholders of the BL of Tricase, based on the results of the participatory evaluation process carried out:

Table 1

ECOSYSTEM SERVICE	SECTION	CODE /CICES V 5.1	DESCRIPTION	SCORES
Valuable nature assets for conservation	Cultural (Biotic)	3.2.2.1	By type of living system or environmental setting	106
Valuable nature assets for future heritage	Cultural (Biotic)	3.2.2.2	By type of living system or environmental setting	101
Food provision	Provisioning (Biotic)	1.1.1.1	Any crops and fruits grown by humans for food; food crops	101
Fire protection	Regulation & Maintenance (Biotic)	2.2.1.5	By reduction in risk, area protected	97
Water provision	Provisioning (Abiotic)	4.2.2.2	By amount & source	94
Water provision	Provisioning (Abiotic)	4.2.2.1	By amount, type, source	93
Soil quality regulation	Regulation & Maintenance (Biotic)	2.2.4.1	By amount/concentration and source	93
Erosion control	Regulation & Maintenance (Biotic)	2.2.1.1	By reduction in risk, area protected	92
Wild plants	Provisioning (Biotic)	1.1.5.1	Plants, algae by amount, type	91

Control of pest and disease	Regulation & Maintenance (Biotic)	2.2.3.1	By reduction in incidence, risk, area protected by type of living system	90

Figure 1 shows the logical framework of the Blue Land Management Plan (MP) which provides, for each ecosystem service selected in the participatory process, the definition of the ecosystems involved and the identification of specific objectives functional to the maintenance of the ecosystem service itself.

The MP will last five years. The pursuit of the specific objectives will be achieved through concrete actions, in line with those proposed by the stakeholders in the dedicated public meetings.

Each action will be subjected to the control and monitoring of several indicators capable of representing the processes in progress and assessing the performance of the MP.

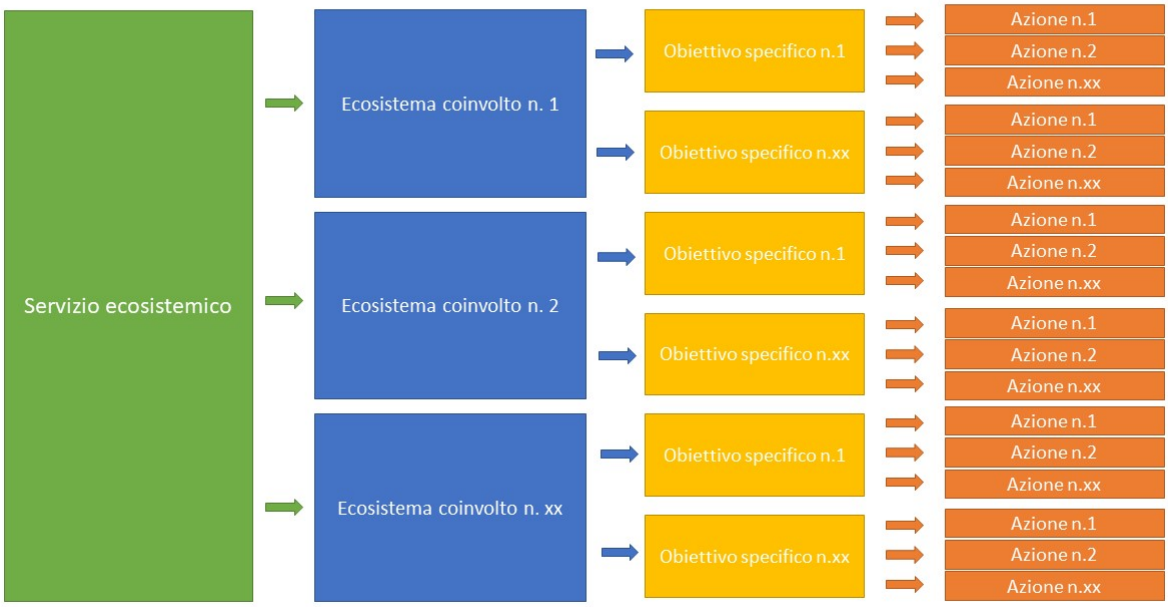

Figure 1: Logical model underlying the Blue Land Management Plan

The set of indicators chosen was formulated based on the following characteristics:

- the system must be easily manageable with the skills and data present within the operating structures of the Blue Land, which can be updated quickly and without entailing significant additional economic costs for the management body. All data are available and allow the implementation of the project's Territorial Information System;
- the indicators must be communicative and easy to understand, even for decision makers or the public of non-experts;
- the number of indicators must be reduced, in order to be manageable with contained costs, and also in order to help focus decision-making processes on priority aspects;
- the system of indicators must be populable.

3. THE SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES OF THE MP

The logical framework of the MP highlighted how, for each ecosystem service (ES) identified by the stakeholders, the Plan itself identifies specific objectives (SO) to be pursued with the aim of protecting and enhancing the ecosystems of interest and, therefore, of support the related ecosystem services provided. The SOs are the result of the processing of the data acquired in the swot analysis, carried out by the project working group during the second meeting with the local community, in order to identify priority actions as well as rules aimed at preserving ecosystems and guaranteeing the continuous supply of ES priority. The SOs identified for the terrestrial component of the BLUE LAND are shown below**.**

Table 2

ECOSYSTEM SERVICE	SECTION	CODE SO	Specific Objective
VALUABLE NATURAL GOODS FOR STORAGE (3.2.2.1)	Cultural (Biotic)	SO 1	Increase the level of knowledge and understanding of the natural, historical and landscape values of the Blue Land territory by citizens, users and stakeholders
NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)	Cultural (Biotic)	SO 1	Increase the level of knowledge and understanding of the natural, historical and landscape values of the Blue Land territory by citizens, users and stakeholders
	Cultural (Biotic)	SO 2	Recovery of the historical - architectural rural and coastal heritage
FOOD SUPPLY (1.1.1.1)	Provisioning (Biotic)	SO 3	Promote and encourage sustainable production of local identity cultivars
		SO 4	Creation of synergies between local farmers
		SO 5	Protect and enhance grazing habitats
FIRE PROTECTION (2.2.1.5)	Regulation & Maintenance (Biotic)	SO 3	Promote and encourage sustainable production of local identity cultivars
		SO 5	Protect and enhance grazing habitats
		SO 6	Protect the heritage of the woods and scrubs of the Blue Land
		SO 7	Monitor land use along the Blue Land coast
		SO 8	Estimate the presence of plant species belonging to the red list
WATER SUPPLY (4.2.2.1 and 4.2.2.2)	Provisioning (Abiotic)	SO 3	Promote and encourage sustainable production of local identity cultivars

		SO 9	Encourage the adoption of measures and arrangements aimed at saving water resources
SOIL QUALITY REGULATION (2.2.4.1)	Regulation & Maintenance (Biotic)	SO 3	Promote and encourage sustainable production of local identity cultivars
		SO 6	Protect the heritage of the woods and scrubs of the Blue Land
DEFENSE AGAINST EROSION (2.2.1.1)	Regulation & Maintenance (Biotic)	SO 1	Increase the level of knowledge and understanding of the natural, historical and landscape values of the Blue Land territory by citizens, users and stakeholders
		SO 6	Protect the heritage of the woods and scrubs of the Blue Land
		SO 7	Monitor land use along the Blue Land coast
		SO 10	Implement the biodiversity of agroecosystems
SPONTANEOUS PLANTS (1.1.5.1)	Provisioning (Biotic)	SO 1	Increase the level of knowledge and understanding of the natural, historical and landscape values of the Blue Land territory by citizens, users and stakeholders
		SO 3	Promote and encourage sustainable production of local identity cultivars
		SO 4	Creation of synergies between local farmers
		SO 8	Estimate the presence of plant species belonging to the red list
PEST AND DISEASE CONTROL (2.2.3.1)	Regulation & Maintenance (Biotic)	SO 3	Promote and encourage sustainable production of local identity cultivars
		SO 4	Creation of synergies between local farmers
		SO 10	Implement the biodiversity of agroecosystems

The SO identified for the marine component of the BLUE LAND are reported below. The pursuit of these objectives will make it possible to carry out priority actions agreed with the stakeholders and, in particular, with the operators of the small professional fishing of the port of Tricase, in order to preserve the marine biocoenoses and guarantee the continuous supply of priority ES.

Table 3

ECOSYSTEM SERVICE	SECTION	CODE OS	Specific Objective
1.1.6.1 PROCUREMENT		SO 11	Protect the nursery sites and biocoenoses of conservation value present in the BLUE LAND
		SO 12	Identify more selective and sustainable professional fishing methods
2.2.6.1 -2.1.1.2- 2.2.2.3 Adjustment & Maintenance (Biotic)		SO 11	Protect the nursery sites and biocoenoses of conservation value present in the BLUE LAND
3.1.1.1 - 3.1.2.4 - Cultural (Biotic)		SO 13	Implement the knowledge of stakeholders and citizens on the marine biodiversity that characterizes the Blue Land

4. THE CONCRETE ACTIONS OF THE MP

Action 1 - Creation of a permanent forum for animation and consultation of the Blue Land actors

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	**NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR CONSERVATION (3.2.2.1)**
CONCRETE ACTION 1: Creation of a permanent forum for animation and consultation of the Blue Land actors			
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION The creation of the permanent forum will allow to support and implement the levels of awareness of citizens on the value of natural capital and the need for its conservation, with the aim of activating processes of use and enhancement of the territory that are more aware and respectful of the intrinsic heritage of the Blue Land.			**ACTIVITY CODE** **AC 1**
MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. forum activated**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		0,00 €	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		All the stakeholders of the Blue Land	

Action 2 - Creation of thematic signs on the environmental values of the Blue Land

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	VALUABLE NATURAL GOODS FOR STORAGE (3.2.2.1) NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)

CONCRETE ACTION 2: Creation of thematic signs on the environmental values of the Blue Land

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
The creation of equipped thematic itineraries will allow you to enjoy the territory and its cultural and naturalistic peculiarities in a more conscious way. The design of these thematic paths will have to privilege the use of new ICT technologies with the aim of making the user experience more innovative and engaging. Accessible and expanded forms of tourism must always be privileged and therefore, the contents provided for in the signs must always be accessible even to people with disabilities.	**AC 2**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. equipped paths**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	3
SHARE COST		50.000,00 €	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, Ecomuseo	

Action 3 - Start of training courses dedicated to Blue Land tour guides

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	VALUABLE NATURAL GOODS FOR STORAGE (3.2.2.1) SPONTANEOUS PLANTS (1.1.5.1) NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)

CONCRETE ACTION 3: Start of training courses dedicated to Blue Land tour guides

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
The training courses to be activated within the framework of the Blue Land, will allow the training of tourist guides capable of carrying out excursions and accompanying activities in natural areas, ecomuseums, cultural landscapes, illustrating to tourists the elements of high environmental, cultural and naturalistic value . During the training course participants will acquire all the basic notions necessary to carry out the professional activity of the BLUE LAND Tourist Guide. Specifically, the trained guides must be able to: • describe, explain and illustrate the environmental, naturalistic, anthropological and cultural aspects of the territory with scientific-cultural connotations; • illustrate the elements, characteristics, ecological relationships, the link with history and cultural and food and wine traditions, landscape attractions, • provide notions of sustainability and environmental education.	**AC 3**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. training courses**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 10.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare, Ecomuseo	

Action 4 - Planning and regulatory tools for ecosystem management of the public and private municipal green of the Blue Land

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	VALUABLE NATURAL GOODS FOR STORAGE (3.2.2.1)

CONCRETE ACTION 4: Planning and regulatory tools for ecosystem management of the public and private municipal green of the Blue Land

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
The BLUE LAND technical-scientific table, in collaboration with experts in the sector, will provide administrative technical support in the preparation of the Municipal Green Plan (MGP) and the Forest fire prevention plan. This support aims at identifying sustainable strategies and interventions aimed at the best management of public green areas in the Tricase area, also in terms of water saving and the fight against forest fires.	**AC 4**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. training courses**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	2
SHARE COST		€ 20.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare, Ecomuseo	

Action 5 - Services for the sustainable use of the ecosystems of the Blue Land

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	VALUABLE NATURAL GOODS FOR STORAGE (3.2.2.1) NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)

AZIONE CONCRETA 5: Services for the sustainable use of the ecosystems of the Blue Land

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
The Blue Land management body will support the management bodies of the territory (the Municipality of Tricase and the Otranto-Leuca Regional Natural Park) in the design of interventions for sustainable use, in particular, of the coast. Specifically, sustainable mobility interventions and implementation of accessibility to the coast and to points of tourist, historical and naturalistic interest will be planned through material and intangible interventions. The planned interventions must guarantee accessible and expanded forms of tourism, allowing the use of places and contents also to people with disabilities.	**AC 5**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. projects realised**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	2
SHARE COST		€ 50.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare, Ecomuseo	

Action 6 - Design, implementation and promotion of tourist experiential tours

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	SPONTANEOUS PLANTS (1.1.5.1) NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)

CONCRETE ACTION 6: Design, implementation and promotion of tourist experiential tours

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
In the new tourism trends the human factor is playing an increasingly decisive role: the desire for interaction between Guests and the Territory is increasing; according to the UNWTO (the World Tourism Organization), the experiential tourism market will increase by 57% by 2030. Today it is precisely the definition of Experiential Tourism that best identifies current tourism trends, that is: no longer just places to see, but above all things to do, experiences to be lived in close contact with local realities. Through the active involvement of local communities, the only custodians of local traditions and culture, experiential tourist tours will be designed, with the aim of enhancing and promoting the identity and natural and cultural heritage that characterize the Blue Land.	**AC 6**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. Tour realised**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 15.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare, Ecomuseo	

Action 7 - Environmental education workshops

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)
CONCRETE ACTION 7: Environmental education workshops			
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION BLUE LAND environmental education laboratories will be designed and built for schools of all levels in the territory. The workshops will be designed with the school bodies in order to be in tune with the didactic program of each class. In addition, training courses will also be designed for the parents of the pupils, with the aim of enhancing the positive effects of education. Through targeted programs, with languages and methods calibrated from time to time based on the school level with which one relates, various issues will be addressed ranging from the study of natural environments to the rediscovery of old traditions, up to the acquisition of behavioral models based on environmental sustainability, passing through didactic-sensorial workshops and engaging field experiences. The objectives pursued by the proposed environmental education activities are:			**ACTIVITY CODE**

• Acquire the basic scientific notions to understand and know the environmental balance and the structure of ecosystems; • Understanding how important it is, in a civil society, to respect the environment in order to improve the quality of life; • Be the spokesperson of an environmental culture in one's family and in the contexts in which one lives, studies or works; • Adopt responsible behavior in everyday life in order to preserve nature and biodiversity; • Building a mentality capable of thinking in relationships, in a systemic vision of the environment, inspiring one's actions to the sense of the limit.	**AC 7**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. realised workshop**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	10
SHARE COST		€ 20.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare, Ecomuseo	

Action 8 - Census of dry stone artefacts present in the Blue Land territory

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 2**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)

CONCRETE ACTION 8: Census of dry stone artefacts present in the Blue Land territory

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
The census of dry stone artefacts will be carried out within a geodatabase on a GIS platform. In order to assess its consistency and state of conservation, the mapping study will be implemented through the use of drones and digital acquisitions made in situ. The artifacts surveyed and cataloged will be reported in the geodatabase of the Blue Land knowledge system and displayed on the webgis platform of the project. The spatialized and digitized data will be made available to local government bodies in order to support their policies and planning strategies.	**AC 8**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. census activities**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 5.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, Ecomuseo	

Action 9 - Recovery of dry stone walls and pajare

OBIETTIVO SPECIFICO:	OS 2	**SERVIZIO ECOSISTEMICO**:	NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)
CONCRETE ACTION 9: Recovery of dry stone walls and pajare			
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION In line with the provisions of the PPTR, the Blue Land Management Body will promote interventions for the recovery of dry stone walls that characterize the agroecosystems of the area. Specifically, consultancy and support activities will be provided for the development of public and / or private projects aimed at recovering these ancient peasant artefacts, fundamental for their cultural testimony and for the ecological importance they hold. Interventions on the rural architectural heritage must use design strategies and environmental technologies aimed at Sustainability			**ACTIVITY CODE** **AC 9**
MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. linear meters of recovered dry stone walls**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	5000
SHARE COST		€ 2.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, Ecomuseo	

Action 10 - Planning and realization of equipped nature trails

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)

CONCRETE ACTION 10: Planning and realization of equipped nature trails

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
This activity involves the identification of nature trails to be equipped with infrastructures designed to improve the user experience of visitors, with the supply and installation of fences, picnic areas, equipped stopping points, waste bins, etc. The equipment designed will have to allow accessible and expanded forms of tourism, ensuring accessibility to places and contents even for people with disabilities. In this specific case, the nature trails also intended for the visually impaired and blind, must be equipped with wooden and / or rope handrails or with pile-driving structures. The bottom of the paths for both the blind and the disabled must be accessible, easily accessible (without obstacles) and with minimal slopes. For the most uneven terrain, the Blue Land guides will equip themselves with aids for use such as the joelette.	**AC 10**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. natural paths realised**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	2
SHARE COST		€ 50.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB	

Action 11 - Creation of a community transformation laboratory dedicated to agri-food products and artisanal fishing - FOOD4HEALTH

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 3**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	FOOD SUPPLY (1.1.1.1)
CONCRETE ACTION 11: Creation of a community transformation laboratory dedicated to agri-food products and artisanal fishing - FOOD4HEALTH			
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION As part of the Food4Health - Sustainable and innovative Agri-food and fisheries value chain for SME's cross-border market project, CIHEAM Bari has recovered and renovated the former municipal slaughterhouse which will become a laboratory for the transformation of agri-food and fishing products (Food4Health Community Lab), an experience of sharing and innovation in which the micro, small and medium-sized enterprises of the BLUE LAND territory will put into practice the processing and transformation techniques of their primary products in compliance with quality standards and compliant with EU regulations .			**ACTIVITY CODE** **AC 11**
MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°.** transformation laboratories	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 0,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB	

Action 12 - Incubation of new local businesses for the processing of quality agri-food products and artisanal fishing

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	SO 4	ECOSYSTEM SERVICE	FOOD SUPPLY (1.1.1.1)
CONCRETE ACTION 12: Incubation of new local businesses for the processing of quality agri-food products and artisanal fishing			

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	ACTIVITY CODE
This intervention is aimed at the development, in terms of skills and knowledge, of the small businesses present and in the start-up phase in the Blue Land area. The operation guarantees support to local micro-enterprises for the transformation of quality agri-food products and artisanal fishing and contributes to the achievement of the strategic objectives of the Blue Land. Specifically, this activity intends to meet the following needs: • Strengthen the competitiveness of gastronomic entrepreneurship and the territory, through highly innovative and cultural processes that enhance local resources; • Promote the creation of new businesses or the strengthening of existing businesses, also through the development and creation of start - ups.	**AC 12**

MONITORING INDICATORS		N°. Activities incubated	
PRESENT VALUE	0	EXPECTED VALUE	3
SHARE COST		€ 5.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB	

Action 13 - Implementation of Farmers' Market of identity and quality agricultural products

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 3**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	FOOD SUPPLY (1.1.1.1)

CONCRETE ACTION 13: Implementation of Farmers' Market of identity and quality agricultural products

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
Farmers 'markets, or farmers' markets, are examples of direct sales from producer to consumer that reflect the principles of the "short chain". With the creation of the Blue Land farmers' markets, the following results are to be achieved: • increase agricultural production at the local level, giving birth to new companies and promoting local products; • give farmers an alternative way of marketing; • improve the quality of life, enlivening the center and the outskirts of the city, also including recreational activities in the market; • to preserve the agricultural heritage and the historical role of farmers.	**AC 13**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. farmer's market realised**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	5
SHARE COST		€ 50.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, Ecomuseo	

Action 14 - Planning and regulation for ecosystem management of abandoned agricultural areas

<table>
<tr><td rowspan="4">SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE</td><td rowspan="4">SO 1
SO 3</td><td rowspan="4">ECOSYSTEM SERVICE</td><td>FOOD SUPPLY (1.1.1.1)</td></tr>
<tr><td>FIRE PROTECTION (2.2.1.5)</td></tr>
<tr><td>SOIL QUALITY REGULATION (2.2.4.1)</td></tr>
<tr><td>DEFENSE AGAINST EROSION (2.2.1.1)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">CONCRETE ACTION 14: Planning and regulation for ecosystem management of abandoned agricultural areas</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION

Consistently and in continuity with other similar project proposals already carried out in Italy, it is the intention of the Management Body of the Blue Land to support the creation of a cadastre of uncultivated agricultural land and the register of farmers.

In this way, we intend to facilitate the immediate exchange between those who give and those who receive, favoring the care, defense and enhancement of the local territory, encouraging the creation of lasting social bonds and the exchange of knowledge between different generations and cultures. With this activity, the MP intends to promote the concepts of cooperation within a local community, sensitivity to reuse and protection of the territory as a collective identity. This is why it is important to save uncultivated lands from abandonment, so that they are a resource for the new generations.

The project action in question can also be implemented through good practices already tested in other agricultural landscapes such as that of the "widespread orchard", which aims to contribute to the recovery of uncultivated lands through the following interventions:

• Annual distribution to farmers of seeds to be planted in municipal land, transforming about 25/30% of the cultivated area into a sort of large flower garden;

• Recovery of ancient seeds and ancient identity cultivars by "custodian" farmers</td><td>ACTIVITY CODE

AC 14</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">MONITORING INDICATORS</td><td colspan="2">Hectares of recovered agricultural areas</td></tr>
<tr><td>PRESENT VALUE</td><td>0</td><td>EXPECTED VALUE</td><td>1 ha</td></tr>
</table>

SHARE COST	€ 0,00
IMPLEMENTING BODIES	Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, Ecomuseo

Action 15 - Creation of a Time Bank

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1** **SO 3**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	**FOOD SUPPLY (1.1.1.1)**
			VALUABLE NATURAL GOODS FOR STORAGE (3.2.2.1)
			NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)

CONCRETE ACTION 15: Creation of a Time Bank

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	
With this action it is intended to create, at the museum port of Tricase, a counter of the Banca del Tempo of the Blue Land which represents an aggregation tool aimed at the exchange of services and knowledge between people who very often did not know each other before joining this initiative. The value of the exchanged services is determined only in relation to the time taken to put them into effect, regardless of their market value. It is therefore a particular credit institution, which account for the credits and debts of the "account holders" using the hour as the unit of measurement. Unlike the forms of support provided by voluntary organizations, in which there are those who give and those who receive, the BD organizes mutual exchange. Each account holder can "withdraw" and "deposit" according to his needs by drawing on the entire range of offers in the "portfolio" of the BdT to which he adheres to return the time lent. Basically, it can be said that the Blue Land Time Bank will create and administer share capital, both for individual members who increase their wealth of relationships, and for the community in which it operates, helping to make it more cohesive and open. The networks of relationships woven by the BdTs involve not only individuals, but also associations, institutions, local bodies with different forms of interaction and collaboration generally also based on the exchange of time. These networks contribute to creating communities in which the value of the relationship generates safety and well-being in the places of life.	**ACTIVITY CODE** **AC 15**

MONITORING INDICATORS		N°. accumulated hours	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	100

SHARE COST	€ 0,00
IMPLEMENTING BODIES	Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, Ecomuseo

Action 16 - Planning and design of systems and infrastructures for the collection and conservation of rainwater, to be used in urban and agricultural areas, for irrigation and fire prevention purposes

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 9**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	WATER SUPPLY (4.2.2.1 and 4.2.2.2)
CONCRETE ACTION 16: Planning and design of systems and infrastructures for the collection and conservation of rainwater, to be used in urban and agricultural areas, for irrigation and fire prevention purposes			
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION The BLUE LAND management body intends to initiate the planning and design of systems and infrastructures for the collection and conservation of rainwater, to be used in urban and agricultural areas, for irrigation and fire prevention purposes, by borrowing good practices already implemented in the area. Furthermore, as part of this activity, it is intended to support the Municipal Authority and the Park Authority in the drafting of rules and strategies aimed at improving the overall sustainability conditions of the territory in general and of the existing and future building heritage, to inside the BLUE LAND, with the adoption of measures and arrangements also aimed at saving water.			**ACTIVITY CODE** **AC 16**
MONITORING INDICATORS		N°. of projects	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 25.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB	

Action 17 - Implementation of silvicultural interventions aimed at mitigating the risk of fires in the wooded areas of the Blue Land

OBIETTIVO SPECIFICO:	OS 6 OS 5	SERVIZIO ECOSISTEMICO:	FIRE PROTECTION (2.2.1.5) SOIL QUALITY REGULATION (2.2.4.1)

CONCRETE ACTION 17: Implementation of silvicultural interventions aimed at mitigating the risk of fires in the wooded areas of the Blue Land

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	
Preventive management interventions include interventions for fuel reduction and maintenance of the existing roads. Fires, in most cases, start and spread at ground level, to the detriment of the lower layer of vegetation, the herbaceous one, which in the summer months is commonly dry and therefore presents the greatest risk of a forest fire. Shrub and tree layers, which have a higher moisture content, ignite less easily, but are much more dangerous for the subsequent spread of fire. A fundamental form of prevention, therefore, consists in regulating the distribution in space of the different types of fuel, reducing the accumulation of dangerous ones and creating discontinuities both horizontally and vertically.	ACTIVITY CODE
Specifically, the following activities are envisaged: • pruning in pine forests with developed undergrowth, in order to interrupt the vertical continuity of the fuel, reducing the vulnerability of the soil; • implementation of thinning in coniferous reforested areas, with developed undergrowth. These preventive interventions aim at reducing the potentially more dangerous fuel load and at modeling a surface less vulnerable to fires; • removal of dead plants and cleaning of dead residues and elimination of unstable plants in pine forests where there has been the passage of fire; • cleaning interventions in the scrub-forest area crossed by fire, in order to allow **the** shrub	AC 17

elements present there to regulate and rapidly regrow from the stumps; • maintenance (including vegetation) of minor roads, chosen for the fight against minor fires, represented by local dirt roads and service tracks			
MONITORING INDICATORS		Maintained hectares of forest	
PRESENT VALUE	0	EXPECTED VALUE	5
SHARE COST		€ 50.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB	

Action 18 - Implementation of a fire monitoring system consisting of thermal cameras, sensors and automatic alert system

OBIETTIVO SPECIFICO:	OS 6	**SERVIZIO ECOSISTEMICO**:	PROTEZIONE ANTINCENDIO (2.2.1.5) REGOLAZIONE DELLA QUALITA' DEI SUOLI (2.2.4.1)

CONCRETE ACTION 18: Implementation of a fire monitoring system consisting of thermal cameras, sensors and automatic alert system

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
In order to combat the numerous forest fires affecting the pine forests and woods of the Blue Land, it is useful to install automated monitoring systems capable of: • provide the information necessary to calculate the ignition risk indices; • early identification of the principles of fire; • use predictive systems for the propagation of the flame front. The fire monitoring system will have to take into account various variables such as: meteorological data, geographical conformation of the territory, ground conditions, etc. The system will also be equipped with thermal and visible cameras with panoramic system, with day and night optics and dome cameras that can also be operated remotely. All the information collected will serve as support for the prevention, management and control of fires.	**AC 18**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. fire-fighting systems**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 90.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB	

Action 19 - Reconstitution of the vegetation cover with ecosystemic criteria of the areas crossed by fire

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 6**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	**FIRE PROTECTION (2.2.1.5)** **SOIL QUALITY REGULATION (2.2.4.1)**

CONCRETE ACTION 19: Reconstitution of the vegetation cover with ecosystemic criteria of the areas crossed by fire

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
Forest fires are a serious disturbance of forest ecosystems. The main consequences of the fire induced disturbance can be summarized as follows: • destruction or modification of the structure and architecture of the forest stand; • modification of the soil characteristics; • changes in the conditions of the microclimate; • return to juvenile stages of the vegetational succession. In areas affected by fire, where the legislation will allow it, silvicultural maintenance interventions will be carried out in order to eliminate any dry parts and interrupt the vegetational continuity in the vertical direction between the tree layer and shrub layer, going to enormously limit the risk of fires in this context. Furthermore, cutting the basal branches will allow adequate illumination of the shrub layer, mainly represented by xerophilous and heliophilous species. The silvicultural interventions proposed are consistent with the provisions of the REGIONAL REGULATION May 10, 2016, n. 6: Regulation containing Conservation Measures pursuant to Community Directives 2009/147 and 92/43 and to Presidential Decree 357/97 for Sites of Community Importance (SCI), relating to forest management. Published in the Official Bulletin of the Puglia Region - n. 54 of 12-5-2016. Replanting with Mediterranean evergreen sclerophylls will be provided; these are Pistacia lentiscus, Myrtus communis, Rosmarinus officinalis officinalis, Thymus serpyllum, Calicotome spinosa, Anthillis hermanniae, Asparagus acutifolius. Arbutus unedo, etc.	**AC 19**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. Interventi di ricostituzione della copertura vegetale**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 50.000,00	

IMPLEMENTING BODIES	Municipality of Tricase, IAMB,

Action 20 - Citizen-science monitoring of Blue Land ecosystem services

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 3** **SO 6** **SO 7** **SO 8** **SO 10**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	FIRE PROTECTION (2.2.1.5) DEFENSE AGAINST EROSION (2.2.1.1)

CONCRETE ACTION 20: Citizen-science monitoring of Blue Land ecosystem services

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
The direct involvement of citizens in the study and active conservation of biodiversity and ecosystem services (citizen-science) represents a new frontier of science. The acquisition of detailed knowledge on the biodiversity of an area can now be represented by the participation of a growing number of different subjects. One of the strengths of this process is represented by the environmental sensitivity of the citizens involved in collecting data in the field: people who share the desire to learn, participate and contribute. The action in question involves the implementation of the Blue Land ecosystem services monitoring activities through the use of the GISPORT project application. Through the use of the citizen-science application it will be possible to collect, catalog, spatialize and monitor the sources of pressure and impact on the territory in order to evaluate the effectiveness of the PG in pursuing its objectives.	**AC 20**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. APP realised**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 5.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB	

Action 21 - Implementation of agro-forestry interventions in pilot areas with the aim of implementing the biodiversity of agroecosystems

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 10**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	DEFENSE AGAINST EROSION (2.2.1.1)
			PEST AND DISEASE CONTROL (2.2.3.1)

CONCRETE ACTION 21: Implementation of agro-forestry interventions in pilot areas with the aim of implementing the biodiversity of agroecosystems

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
The Blue Land management body intends to design and implement agro-forestry interventions in pilot areas with the aim of implementing the biodiversity of agroecosystems and creating optimal ecological corridors for the shelter and feeding of wildlife. Specifically, ecotonal hedges will be created, with the aim of creating ecological continuity with the trees and the nuclei of natural relict vegetation confined to the edges of the dry stone walls. The intervention will be carried out through the planting of arborescent elements of minor fruits such as: Jujube (Ziziphus jujuba Mill.), Blackthorn (Prunus spinosa L.), Hawthorn (Crataegus spp.), Wild pear (Pyrus pyraster (L.) Burgsd.).	**AC 21**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. interventions**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 15.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB	

*Action 22 - Launch of the biodiversity monitoring activities of Natura 2000 Habitats: Habitat 1240: Vegetated sea cliffs of the Mediterranean coasts with endemic Limonium spp., 6220 *: Pseudo-steppe with grasses and annuals of the Thero-Brachypodietea e 8310: Caves not open to the public*

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 8**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	FIRE PROTECTION (2.2.1.5) SPONTANEOUS PLANTS (1.1.5.1)

CONCRETE ACTION 22: Launch of the biodiversity monitoring activities of Natura 2000 Habitats: Habitat 1240: Vegetated sea cliffs of the Mediterranean coasts with endemic Limonium spp., 6220 *: Pseudo-steppe with grasses and annuals of the Thero-Brachypodietea e 8310: Caves not open to the public

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
The Habitats Directive requires a careful analysis of the conservation status of the species and habitats protected by the law, a constant evaluation of the trends of the different populations, and a check of the threat factors that affect their future prospects. Indeed, sustainable management of biological resources requires reliable scientific knowledge and accessible data. Monitoring is an essential tool for the study of environmental systems, to which three main functions can be attributed: • provide information on changes with respect to the desired state; • measure the success of management and conservation actions; • detect the effects of perturbations and disturbances The Blue Land management body intends to launch a three-year monitoring program for some habitats present in the territory using the methodologies contained in the ISPRA manuals for monitoring species and habitats of community interest (Habitat Directive 92/43 / EEC), in accordance with with the regulations of the regional SCI and with the Prioritized Action Framework - regional PAF.	**AC 22**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. Monitoring Interventions**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	5
SHARE COST		€ 30.000,00	

IMPLEMENTING BODIES	Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare, Ecomuseo

Action AC 23 - LANDART of requalification and artistic / cultural interpretation of the ecosystemic heritage

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 1**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	VALUABLE NATURAL GOODS FOR STORAGE (3.2.2.1) NATURAL ASSETS OF VALUE FOR THE FUTURE HERITAGE (3.2.2.2)

CONCRETE ACTION 23: LANDART of requalification and artistic / cultural interpretation of the ecosystemic heritage

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
Through the artistic and narrative forms, the BLUE LAND LAND ART project wants to stimulate in the public and in the territory a reflection on the meaning of the transformation (voluntary and involuntary) of the landscape, in a multidisciplinary and intersectoral approach. A project in which art becomes a meeting place between different worlds, productive, cultural, environmental and keystone to produce a vision of the future of the BLUE LAND landscape	**AC 23**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. Monitoring Interventions**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 30.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare, Ecomuseo	

Action 24 - Drafting and implementation of a monitoring plan for the nursery sites and valuable biocoenoses present in the BLUE LAND

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 11**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	1.1.6.1 PROCUREMENT 2.2.6.1 -2.1.1.2- 2.2.2.3 Adjustment & Maintenance (Biotic)

CONCRETE ACTION 24: Drafting and implementation of a monitoring plan for the nursery sites and valuable biocoenoses present in the BLUE LAND

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
The Marine Strategy is the environmental pillar of the European Integrated Maritime Policy. In particular, the Marine Strategy Directive (2008/56 / EC), implemented by the Italian State with Legislative Decree 190/2010, is based on the assumption of achieving, by 2020, the Good Environmental Status (GES) for a series of descriptors (biodiversity, eutrophication, waste, etc.) indicators of the quality of marine waters. In order to reach the GES, the routine monitoring activities of the considered descriptors began in 2015. As part of the policies and strategies of the marine strategy, monitoring activities will be carried out on the nursery sites and valuable biocoenoses present in the BLUE LAND in order to protect and enhance the biodiversity and ecosystem services of the marine component of the area of interest.	**AC 24**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. Monitoring Interventions**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 50.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare, Ecomuseo	

Action 25 - Construction of a blue oasis pursuant to letter d) paragraph 2 art. 8 of Regional Law No. 43 of 3 November 2017

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	SO 12	ECOSYSTEM SERVICE	1.1.6.1 PROCUREMENT

CONCRETE ACTION 25: Construction of a blue oasis pursuant to letter d) paragraph 2 art. 8 of Regional Law No. 43 of 3 November 2017

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	ACTIVITY CODE
As part of the BLUE LAND project, numerous meetings were held with local fishermen who brought out the critical state of the small coastal fishing sector of Tricase also due to the intensive fishing activity carried out by other marineries with impacting tools and, in some cases, outlawed. The Puglia Region with L.R. 43 of 3 November 2017, intended to support, from an integrated perspective, environmental, economic and social innovation and development actions, also in the sector of small-scale artisanal fishing. Art. 8 of the L.R. 43/2017 identifies a new management tool, called Oasi Blu, which consists of the temporary acquisition (delivery) by a local authority of a Site of Community Interest (SCI) area at sea and / or any area contermine to the same, within which the zoning and regulation of activities (professional, sports and recreational) are carried out. The coast of the Blue Land is affected by the presence of a SCI / SAC at sea, called "Costa Otranto-Santa Maria di Leuca" code IT9150002, characterized by the presence of important coralligenous habitats, sea caves and numerous nursery sites. The objective of this activity is, therefore, the launch of projects aimed at planning and regulating the fishing effort and the adoption of eco-sustainable and selective fishing systems within a BLUE OASIS established pursuant to Art. 8 of the L.R. 43/2017.	**AC 25**

MONITORING INDICATORS		N°. Blu Land realised	
PRESENT VALUE	0	EXPECTED VALUE	1
SHARE COST		€ 0,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare	

Action 26 - Implementation of environmental education and training activities aimed at diving centers and stakeholders on marine biodiversity present in the Blue Land

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	**SO 13**	**ECOSYSTEM SERVICE**	3.1.1.1 - 3.1.2.4 - Cultural (Biotic)

CONCRETE ACTION 25: Implementation of environmental education and training activities aimed at diving centers and stakeholders on marine biodiversity present in the Blue Land

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	**ACTIVITY CODE**
This concrete activity involves the implementation of environmental education activities for the operators of the sea (diving centers) and stakeholders (users of the coast) with the aim of making them aware of the issues of marine biodiversity, ecosystem services provided by biocoenoses and respect of the sea. Educational workshops dedicated to understanding the complexity of the sea ecological system and in particular of the coastal marine landscapes of the blue land will be held. The issues concerning marine litter and the damage caused by microplastics will also be explored.	**AC 25**

MONITORING INDICATORS		**N°. Workshops**	
PRESENT VALUE	0	**EXPECTED VALUE**	1
SHARE COST		€ 5.000,00	
IMPLEMENTING BODIES		Municipality of Tricase, IAMB, ICR Mare, Ecomuseo	

5. DEFINITION OF THE NEED FOR RESOURCE

Below is the economic picture of the MP which shows the expenses related to the management costs of the Blue Land and the costs of carrying out the interventions. The total amount foreseen in the QE equal to € 827,000.00 will be functional to the achievement of the objectives set by the Plan within the 5 years of activity of the Planitself.

	Expense items	Cost including VAT
Management cost	Staff	€ 100 000,00
	General expenses	€ 50 000,00
	Communication and promotion activities	€ 50 000,00
Costs for carrying out the actions	AC 1	€ 0,00
	AC 2	€ 50 000,00
	AC 3	€ 10 000,00
	AC 4	€ 20 000,00
	AC 5	€ 50 000,00
	AC 6	€ 15 000,00
	AC 7	€ 20 000,00
	AC 8	€ 5 000,00
	AC 9	€ 2 000,00
	AC 10	€ 50 000,00
	AC 11	€ 0,00
	AC 12	€ 5 000,00
	AC 13	€ 50 000,00
	AC 14	€ 0,00
	AC 15	€ 0,00
	AC 16	€ 25 000,00
	AC 17	€ 50 000,00
	AC 18	€ 90 000,00
	AC 19	€ 50 000,00
	AC 20	€ 5 000,00
	AC 21	€ 15 000,00
	AC 22	€ 30 000,00
	AC 23	€ 30 000,00
	AC 24	€ 50 000,00
	AC 25	€ 0,00
	AC 26	€ 5 000,00
	TOTAL	**€ 827 000,00**

6. TIMES OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

	I° YEAR			II° YEAR			III° YEAR			IV° YEAR			V° YEAR		
	I	II	III	I	II	III	I	II	III	I	II	III	I	II	III
AC 1															
AC 2															
AC 3															
AC 4															
AC 5															
AC 6															
AC 7															
AC 8															
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AC 25															
AC 26															

7. LEGAL FORM OF THE MANAGER AND RELATIVE FORMS OF COORDINATION BETWEEN PARTNERS

President

The role of President is covered by the Mayor of the leading coastal municipality or his delegate. He acts as the legal representative of BLUE LAND and performs the following tasks:

- convene and chair the Board of Directors - Scientific Technical Table;
- assist the Coordinator;
- sign the BLUE LAND annual program of activities and multi-year plan;
- authorize the new adhesions to the BLUE LAND, discussed by the Table;
- coordinate relations between BLUE LAND and the Puglia Region.

The Coordinator

The Coordinator is identified by the Board of Directors - Technical Scientific Table and constitutes the link between the latter and the social actors and stakeholders present in the assembly. He carries out functions of coordination of the initiatives and interventions promoted by the Bodies and of intermediation of communication between the various subjects in the field. The assignment lasts one year, so as to guarantee the cyclical completion of the programming.

The Coordinator:

- coordinates the activities of the BLUE LAND, taking care of their implementation;
- intercepts external requests and proposes them to the President and the Technical Scientific Table;
- proposes the convening of the Assembly;
- chairs the meetings established periodically;

- prepares the requests for financing pertaining to BLUE LAND;redige la proposta di programmazione annuale e pluriennale relativa a iniziative e progetti volti alla qualificazione, promozione e valorizzazione del territorio della BLUE LAND;
- collaborates in the organization of the BLUE LAND activities, operating as a synthesis element of the needs of the territory.

The Board of Directors - Technical-scientific table

The Technical-Scientific Table has the function of guiding and supporting the planning and management activities of the BLUE LAND governance tool, also by collecting and implementing the requests coming from the Assembly.

The Technical-Scientific Table will be composed of seven subjects, divided into:

a) four experts representing the academic, scientific or research world, appointed on the indications of the Assembly, and approved by the President;

b) three representatives of the Third sector, representatives of the territorial needs related to marine and coastal resources, habitats, biodiversity and ecosystem services appointed, appointed by the Assembly.

The Assembly

The Assembly is made up of all the representatives of the Technical Scientific Table and a representative number of individuals belonging to the local community, who have submitted an application to join the BLUE LAND and have received a positive opinion.

The Assembly, convened by the Coordinator at the request of the President or the Technical Scientific Table and / or at the request of subjects adhering to the BLUE LAND, meets quarterly (except for any further urgent convocations) and has proactive and consultative power.

On the explicit invitation of the President and / or of the Table, in the sessions of the Assembly, in relation to the topics dealt with, representatives of the community, local

associations, the productive world active in the territory, the academic world, with purpose of gathering requests that express specific needs from the community, as well as involving as many active subjects as possible in promoting the activities of the Blue Land, as well as the resulting itineraries and paths developed.